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Evolution and Experience in Green Growth of Cambodia

By Khong Sam Nuon, Secretary of
State Ministry of Environment
KINGDOM OF CAMBODIA

Presentation Scheme

- o Green Growth Vision
- o Cambodia National Green Growth Roadmap
- o Rectangular Strategic Policy
- o Green Growth in Action
- o Green Growth Cooperation
- o National Green Growth Master Plan
- o Green Growth Institutionalization
- o Inclusive Green Growth Case Study: OECD-Cambodia

GREEN GROWTH VISION

- o Enhance and ensure inclusive, equitable, coherent and balanced sustainable development of Cambodia.
- o Orient an economy toward a greener developmental paradigm.
- o Promote low-carbon growth and climate resilient development.
- o Promote GREEN GROWTH Knowledge, awareness and education.
- o Promote bilateral and multilateral Green Growth cooperation.

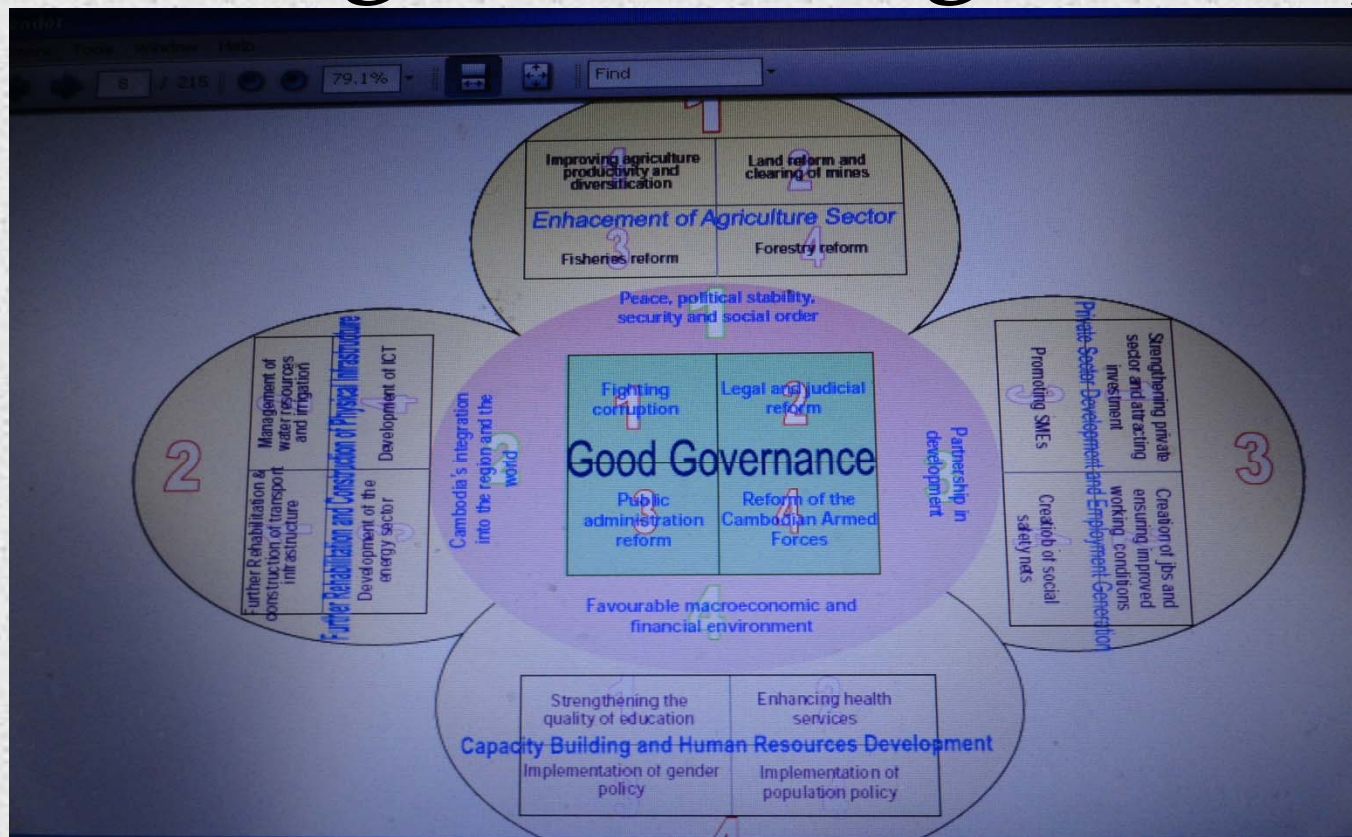


GREEN GROWTH VISION

- Decouple economic growth from environmental degradation.
- Promote green investments for a better quality of life for the people.
- Enhance green jobs for poverty eradication.
- Increase ecosystem services payment.
- Mitigate and adapt to climate change



Rectangular Strategic Policy



Rectangular Strategic Policy

- 1. Agricultural Development**, especially enhancing agricultural productivity, promoting land reform and fishery and forestry reform,
- 2. Infrastructure Rehabilitation and Development**, including transport, water resources, energy, information and communication technology,
- 3. Private Sector Development and Employment Creation**, and
- 4. Capacity Building and Human Resource Development**, including education, health and gender population.

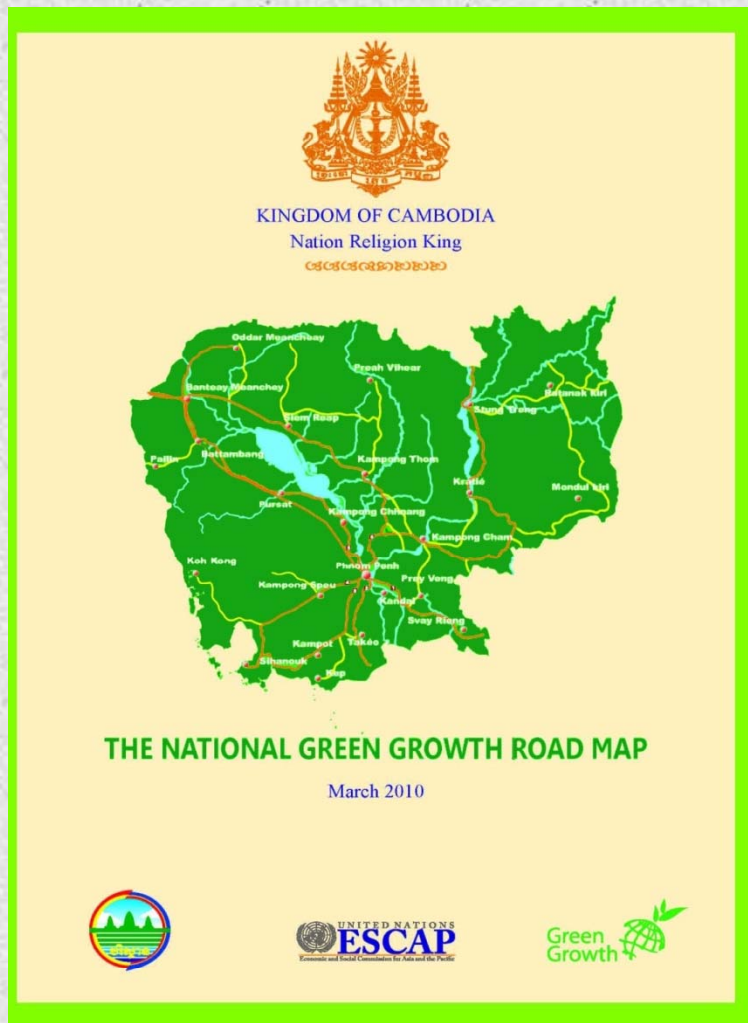
Policy Implementation

- The Government continues to carry out the policy of decentralization and deconcentration oriented and driven by the National Development Strategic Plan (NDSP) 2009-2013 update
- To enhance sustainable socio-economic development and environmental protection at the national and sub-national level.

Policy Implementation

- o The Cambodian Government encourages and recognizes the rights of the public and community, having established Fishery Community, Forestry Community, Water Community themselves, etc,
- o The Communities are for protection of environment and betterment of their own livelihoods, as well as the balanced integration of the three dimensions of Sustainable Development: Social, Economic and Environmental.

Cambodia National Green Growth Roadmap



Green Growth Roadmap lays out seven key priority accesses:

1. **Access** to water resources management and sanitation;
2. **Access** to food security (agriculture) and non-chemical products;
3. **Access** to sustainable land-use;
4. **Access** to renewable energy and energy efficiency;
5. **Access** to information and knowledge;
6. **Access** to means for better mobility and
7. **Access** to finance and investments.

Green Growth in Action

- o The Government's effective Win-Win Policy Implementation has brought about peace, political stability and macroeconomic stability.
- o Overall stability has increased GDP growth averaging around 10% per year in 1998-2008 despite a drop in 2009 to 1% due to the global financial crisis, but bounced back to 6%-7% for 2010-2011.
- o The country exported 1/2million ton of rice.
- o The high growth indicates progress of the National Roadmap on Green Growth practices.

Green Growth in Action

- o Relevant Line Ministries, institutions, private sector are strongly involved in mainstreaming the Green Growth into their respective development planning, and implementing the 7 Accesses of the Roadmap as well as inclusive and benefit-sharing growth.
- o For Examples, Ministry of Environment & Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishery implement the UN-REDD+ for Carbon Credit through extensive forest conservation. Ministry of Tourism promotes eco-tourism; Ministry of Mines and energy generates renewable energy.

Green Growth in Action

- o The Government continues to carry out the policy of decentralization and deconcentration to have socio-economic development and environmental protection .
- o The Government encourages and recognizes the rights of the public and community, which has established Fishery Community, Forestry Community, Water Community, etc.

Green Growth Cooperation

- Have good collaboration at the national, regional and international level: Established National Green Growth Secretariat (NGGS) & Inter-Ministerial Working Group on Green Growth (IWGGG) to coordinate with relevant ministries, agencies, institutions, organizations, enterprises and civil society.
- Carrying out public-private partnership for green growth, involving development partners, i.e. KOICA and UN.

Agencies involved:



Green Growth Cooperation

- Well cooperate with the Republic of Korea, UNESCAP, UNEP and other UN Agencies for the development of Cambodia's Green Growth Policy and Strategy in accelerating the Government's Rectangular Strategic Policy in Phase II.
- Signed an MOU with Global Green Growth



Green Growth Cooperation

- Have the Green Growth Secretariat & the IWGGG Group, SCP Team and Dr. Chhun Vannak, Rio+20 Focal of Cambodia for the preparation and development of the Rio+20 National Report on Sustainable Development, engaging multistakeholders & Public-Private Participation to measure progress the MDGs, the 7 Accesses and



Green Growth Cooperation

- Now, become a member country of the GGGI as an international organization.



Green Growth Cooperation



National Green Growth Master Plan

- o Establish National Green Growth Masterplan to carry out the seven key priority development areas of the National Roadmap on Green Growth.
- o Incorporate financial institutions to promote green growth and enhance access to GREEN FINANCING, i.e. Green Funds, Green Micro-Credit.
- o Use an Inclusive Green Growth Model to achieve the Broader National Social Protection Framework of the Government, i.e. Social Safety Nets, Social Development, Economic Development and Disaster Management, based on Rectangular Strategic Policy of the Royal Government of Cambodia and National Strategic

Green Growth Institutionalization

- o The Government has already established National Council on Green Growth (NCGG); General Secretariat for Green Growth (GSGG).
- o Primary Goals of the NCGG: to achieve balanced growth and integration of the four pillars: Economy, Environment, Society and Culture.
- o The GSGG: to prepare green growth policy, masterplan, regulations or related laws for the NCGG to adopt; to help execute policies, and the internally agreed policies/agreements/declarations.

Green Growth Institutionalization

- o Both NCGG and GSGG work as a coordinating and collaborating institution to accelerate the achievements of sustainable development goals of Cambodia.
- o H.E.Dr. Chhun Vannak has been appointed as a Secretary-General with the status as a Secretary of State to cooperate and coordinate the Green Growth Work for Cambodia.
- o Both the NCGG and GSGG are to implement the GGGI Agreement effectively.

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- Being a member country of the GGGI, the Royal Government of Cambodia adopted a Law for the Ratification of the GGGI Agreement on 28 September 2012.
- On 14 November, National General Assembly passed the Law for the Ratification.

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- On 22 November, the specialized Committee of the Senators has a meeting on the Law for the Ratification; On 30 November, Permanent Committee of the Senators has a meeting on the Law. On 3rd December, the Plenary Session of the Senators will pass the Law.
- Then, the Law for the Ratification is to be handed over to the Council of the Constitution.
- Then, the King ratifies the Law.

Inclusive Green Growth Case Study

- Since the Rio+20, Cambodia and OECD has cooperated on a Joint Green Growth Case Study in Cambodia. H.E.Dr. Chhun Vannak has been nominated as a Focal Point of that project.
- Through the great cooperation, OECD Team, General Secretariat for Green Growth and Ministry of Environment held a National Workshop and bilateral meetings with relevant stakeholders as inputs gathering related to the practices of inclusive Green Growth in Cambodia.

Inclusive Green Growth Case Study

- Based on the discussion of the study, Cambodia still needs supports from the development partners through the OECD in the following areas such as:
- Human Resource Development in the Green Growth
- Financial Resources for the implementation
- Funds for the development of Green Growth Policy and Law on Green Growth.
- Technology Transfer
- Exchange of best practices; training
- Development of infrastructure
- Green Business and Investments



o Thank you for your kind attention.